

Chapter1

Which of the following elements ensures a policy is enforceable?

- A. Compliance can be measured.
- B. Appropriate sanctions are applied when the policy is violated.
- C. Appropriate administrative, technical, and physical controls are put in place to support the policy.
- D. All the above.

FERPA protects which of the following?

- A. Medical records
- B. Financial records
- C. Personally identifiable information
- D. Educational records

Which of the following is an example of an information asset?

- A. Business plans
- B. Employee records
- C. Company reputation
- D. All the above

Policy implementation and enforcement are part of which of the following phases of the policy lifecycle?

- A. Develop
- B. Publish
- C. Adopt
- D. Review

Which of the following is the correct order of the policy lifecycle?

- A. Publish, develop, review, adopt
- B. Review, develop, adopt, publish
- C. Develop, publish, adopt, review
- D. Review, adopt, develop, publish

Endorsed is one of the seven policy characteristics. Which of the following statements best describes endorsed?

- A. The policy is supported by management.
- B. The policy is accepted by the organization's employees.
- C. The policy is mandatory; compliance is measured; and appropriate sanctions are applied.
- D. The policy is regulated by the government.

Which of the following is the outcome of policy review?

- A. Retirement
- B. Renewal
- C. Reauthorization
- D. Both A and B
- E. Both A and C**
- F. Both B and C

How often should policies be reviewed?

- A. Monthly
- B. Twice a year
- C. Annually**
- D. Never

Which of the following statements is not true?

- A. Policies should require only what is possible.
- B. Policies that are no longer applicable should be retired.
- C. All guiding principles and corporate cultures are good.**
- D. Guiding principles set the tone for a corporate culture.

Which of the following is not one of the tasks of the policy development phase?

- A. Approve
- B. Write
- C. Communicate**
- D. Authorize

Chapter2

Which of the following is not an example of a standard?

- A. Passwords must include at least one special character.
- B. Passwords must not include repeating characters.
- C. Pass phrases make good passwords.
- D. Passwords must not include the user's name.

Which of the following is an example of a major policy revision?

- A. 3.5
- B. 4.0
- C. 4.1
- D. 5.1

Which of the following would indicate a minor revision?

- A. IV
- B. 2.0
- C. 2.1
- D. 3.0

Where is the policy introduction located in a consolidated policy document?

- A. In a separate document
- B. Before the version control table
- C. After the version control table
- D. At the beginning of the document

What is the purpose of the administrative notation section of a policy?

- A. To explain terms, abbreviations, and acronyms used in the policy
- B. To refer the reader to additional information
- C. To provide the policy version number
- D. To provide information about policy exceptions

What is the purpose of the policy definition section?

- A. To explain terms, abbreviations, and acronyms used in the policy
- B. To refer the reader to additional information
- C. To provide the policy version number
- D. To provide information about policy exceptions

Which of the following statement about standards and guidelines is true?

- A. Standards are mandatory, whereas guidelines are not.
- B. Guidelines are mandatory, whereas standards are not.
- C. Both standards and guidelines are mandatory.
- D. Neither standards nor guidelines are mandatory.

Which of the following procedure formats is best suited when there is a decision-making process associated with a task?

- A. Simple step
- B. Flowchart
- C. Hierarchical
- D. Graphic

Which of the following best describes a baseline?

- A. Specifications for implementation of a policy
- B. Instructions on how a policy is carried out
- C. Aggregate of implementation standards and security controls
- D. Teaching tools that help people conform to a policy

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Which of the following is the topmost object in the policy hierarchy?

- A. Standards
- B. Baselines
- C. Guidelines
- D. Guiding principles

Which of the following is one of the ten plain language techniques for policy writing?

- A. Use passive voice.
- B. Use "shall" to indicate requirements.
- C. Use long sentences.
- D. Limit a paragraph to one subject.

Which of the following is not one of the plain language techniques for policy writing?

- A. Use active voice.
- B. Write short sentences.
- C. Use 'shall' instead of "must".
- D. Avoid double negatives.

What is the purpose of the policy exceptions section?

- A. To define sanctions for violations
- B. To convey intent
- C. To define exclusions
- D. To specify mandatory directives

Chapter 3

Which of the following is a network of the national standards institutes of 146 countries?

- A. ISO
- B. NIST
- C. FIPS
- D. IEC

Which of the following is the official publication series for standards and guidelines adopted under the FIMSA Act?

- A. ITL bulletins
- B. FIPS
- C. Special Publication 800 series
- D. NIST interagency reports

Which of the following traces actions to their source?

- A. Accountability
- B. Accounting
- C. Assurance
- D. Authentication

Which of the following grants users and systems a predetermined level of access?

- A. Accountability
- B. Authentication
- C. Authorization
- D. Assurance

Which of the following is a behavioral control that can be used to safeguard against the loss of integrity?

- A. Rotation of duties
- B. Log analysis
- C. Code testing
- D. Digital signatures

Which of the following is a monitoring control that safeguard against loss of integrity?

- A. File integrity monitoring
- B. Separation of duties
- C. Encryption
- D. Digital signatures

Which of the following are the three elements of the CIA triad?

- A. Authentication, integrity, confidentiality
- B. Availability, integrity, confidentiality**
- C. Access, integrity, confidentiality
- D. Authorization, integrity, confidentiality

What is the computer used in a DDoS attack known as?

- A. Botnet
- B. Bot**
- C. Victim
- D. Handler

Which of the following statement best describes NIST?

- A. A regulatory government organization that enforces standards
- B. A coalition of 146 countries that creates standards
- C. A nonregulatory federal agency that develops and promotes standards**
- D. A nongovernment organizations that develops and promotes standards

Which of the following best describes accounting?

- A. The logging of access and usage of information resources**
- B. The configuring of the Security log to record events
- C. The process of tracing actions to their source
- D. The process of identifying users who seek access to secure information

Which of the following best describes accountability?

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Which of the following can achieve authentication?

- A. Intrusion detection systems
- B. Log files
- C. Auditing
- D. Tokens**

Chapter4

Which of the following is a characteristic of the parallel approach to information security?

- A. Compliance is discretionary.
- B. Security is the responsibility of the IT department.
- C. Little or no organizational accountability exists.
- D. All the above.

Which of the following is the objective of risk assessment?

- A. Identify the inherent risk.
- B. Determine the impact of a threat.
- C. Calculate the likelihood of a threat occurrence.
- D. All the above.

At which of the following state of the CMM scale no documented policies and processes exist but the organization is aware they are needed?

- A. Ad-hoc
- B. Defined process
- C. Optimized
- D. Nonexistent

Which of the following best describes residual risk?

- A. The likelihood of occurrence of a threat
- B. The level of risk before security measures are applied
- C. The level of risk after security measures are applied
- D. The impact of risk if a threat is realized

Which of the following statements best describes risk transfer?

- A. It shifts a portion of the risk responsibility to another organization.
- B. It shifts a portion of the risk liability to another organization.
- C. It takes steps to eliminate or modify the risk.
- D. It shifts the entire risk responsibility to another organization.

Which of the following risk assessment methodology was developed by CERT?

- A. FAIR
- B. OCTAVE
- C. RMF
- D. CMM

Which of the following risks relates to negative public opinion?

- A. Operational risk
- B. Strategic risk
- C. Financial risk
- D. Reputational risk

Which of the following statements best describes strategic risk?

- A. Risk that relates to monetary loss
- B. Risk that relates to adverse business decisions
- C. Risk that relates to a loss from failed or inadequate systems and processes
- D. Risk that relates to violation of laws, regulations, or policy

Which of the following is the magnitude of harm?

- A. Risk
- B. Threat
- C. Impact
- D. Vulnerability

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Chapter5

Which of the following statements best describes the Biba security model?

- A. No read up and write up
- B. No write up and no write down
- C. No read up and no write down
- D. No read down and no write up

Which of the following best described the Bell-Lapadula security model?

- A. No read up and read down
- B. No write up and no read up
- C. No read up and no write down
- D. No read down and no write up

Which of the following is the highest classification level under the private sector classification system?

- A. Secret
- B. Protected
- C. Confidential
- D. Top secret

Which of the following would most likely be classified as confidential information under the private sector data classification system?

- A. Social Security number
- B. List of upcoming trade shows
- C. Nonsensitive client or vendor information
- D. Laboratory research

Which of the following is not one of the classification levels for national security information?

- A. Secret
- B. Protected
- C. Confidential
- D. Sensitive but Unclassified

Which of the following is not one of the classification levels for private sector information?

- A. Protected
- B. Secret
- C. Internal use
- D. Public

Which of the following statements describes reclassification?

- A. The process of changing the classification level to a lower level
- B. The process of upgrading a classification**
- C. The process of removing a classification
- D. The process of assigning a classification

Which if the following statements best describes declassification?

- A. The process of downgrading a classification**
- B. The process of upgrading a classification
- C. The process of removing a classification
- D. The process of assigning a new classification

Which of the following is a hardware identification number that uniquely identifies device?

- A. IP domain name
- B. MAC address**
- C. IPV4 address
- D. IPv6 address

A MAC address is in which of the following formats?

- A. Decimal
- B. Binary
- C. Hexadecimal**
- D. Unicode

Chapter 6

Why shouldn't information about specific systems be included in a job description?

- A. To make sure candidates know all systems
- B. To protect against social engineering and other attacks**
- C. To get as many candidates as possible
- D. To get more knowledgeable candidates

During what step of the employee lifecycle are employees added to the organization's benefit system?

- A. Recruitment
- B. Onboarding**
- C. User provisioning
- D. Orientation

Which of the following is part of the onboarding phase of the employee lifecycle?

- A. The employee is added to the organization's payroll.
- B. The employee is provided with a username or smart card.**
- C. A background check is conducted for the employee.
- D. The employee expectations of privacy are determined.

Which of the following steps of the employee lifecycle is considered the most dangerous?

- A. Onboarding
- B. Recruitment
- C. Termination**
- D. User provisioning

Which of the following best describes the purpose of security awareness?

- A. To teach skills that would allow a person to perform a certain function
- B. To focus attention on security**
- C. To integrate all the security skills and competencies into a common body of knowledge
- D. To involve management in the process

According to SETA model what is the time frame for security training?

- A. Short-term
- B. Long-term
- C. Intermediate**
- D. Upon hiring

Which of the following best describes the purpose of security training?

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Which of the following statements about security awareness is not true?

- A. The purpose of security awareness is to focus attention on security.
- B. Awareness is training.
- C. Security awareness programs are designed to remind users of appropriate behaviors.
- D. A posted reminding users not to write their password down is an example of an awareness program.

During what phase of the employee lifecycle user accounts are disabled?

- A. Career development
- B. Termination
- C. User provisioning
- D. Onboarding

Which of the following sections of the Acceptable Use Agreement dictates how information must be stored, transmitted, and communicated?

- A. Introduction
- B. Data classification
- C. Applicable policy statements
- D. Handling standards

Which of the following regulations explicitly specifies the topics that should be covered in a security awareness training?

- A. FACTA
- B. HIPAA
- C. FCRA
- D. DPPA